
Acting – Duo/Group Scene

A duo is defined as a performance for two players. A group scene is defined as a performance for three to 16 players. In each case, every participant must be actively involved in the scene chosen for performance.

In Acting – Duo/Group Scene, the skills measured are:

- Use of transitions into and out of character
- Ability to create a believable character
- Communication of objective, tactics, and relationships
- Use of focus and concentration
- Integration of voice, body, movement, and staging

In a Duo/Group Scene performance, the entrants must follow these guidelines:

- Begin with an introduction (slating). The introduction must include only:
 - The entrant's name
 - Title of selection
 - Name of the playwright(s)
 - Troupe number (optional)
- Remain within strict time limits:
 - After the introduction (slating), time begins with the first word or acting action (if it precedes the first word).
 - Duo/group scenes are not to exceed 5 minutes.
- Appropriate material:
 - Each participant must be actively involved in the scene
 - Prior to the event, validate the material using the guidelines for acceptable and unacceptable material (found on page 4 of this guide)
- Entrants will present themselves as a blank slate, refraining from clothing or accessories that distract from the character. Follow strict limits on clothing and props:
 - Props (including hand-held props), costumes, or theatrical makeup are not allowed.
 - For duo acting, two chairs may be safely used.
 - For group acting, one table and up to six chairs may be safely used.
 - Entrants must wear all black. **Clothing and shoes must be all black.** Any visible color, including white, will result in a disqualification.
 - Clothing should be appropriate to the situation yet allow easy movement for the actors to accommodate the action of the performance.
 - Entrants should refrain from wearing anything that might distract the adjudicators.
 - Failure to follow any of the guidelines in this document will result in a disqualification.
- Follow COVID-19 safety guidelines:
 - If performing in the same space and actors are six feet apart, masks are not required.
 - If performing in the same space and actor are less than six feet apart, masks are required.

Acting

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Student(s):

School:

Selection:

Troupe:

Monologue _____ Duo _____ Group _____

SKILLS	4 Superior Above standard	3 Excellent At standard	2 Good Near standard	1 Fair Aspiring to standard	SCORE
Acting Transitions Slating that includes articulation of name and selection, transition into and between characters, final moment, and transition out of character into exit.	Clear articulation of name and selection; intuitive transition into and between characters, distinctive final moment and transition out of character into exit.	Clear articulation of name and selection; recognizable transition into and between characters, final moment and into exit.	Moderately clear articulation of name and selection; transition into and between characters and/or final moment may or may not be present.	Unclear articulation of name and selection; transitions into and between characters and/or final moment are not evident.	
Comment:					
Characterization Emotional and physical believability and commitment to character; choices or tactics towards an objective that create a relationship with real or implied partner(s).	Character is consistently emotionally and physically believable; committed choices and tactics toward an objective prompt intuitive reaction to real or implied partner(s).	Character is frequently emotionally and physically believable; committed choices and tactics toward an objective prompt identifiable reaction to real or implied partner(s).	Character is infrequently emotionally and physically believable; choices and tactics toward an objective prompt some reactions to real or implied partner(s).	Character is rarely emotionally and physically believable; choices, tactics, objectives and a relationship to a real or implied partner(s) are not evident.	
Comment:					
Voice Projection, articulation, intonation, and other chosen vocal techniques that reflect the character's emotions and subtext.	Vocal projection is appropriately varied , and dialogue is consistently clearly articulated throughout ; use of pitch, tempo, tone, and inflection communicate the character's emotions and subtext.	Vocal projection is appropriately varied , and dialogue is frequently clearly articulated ; use of pitch, tempo, tone, and inflection usually communicate the character's emotions and subtext.	Vocal projection and clearly articulated dialogue are inconsistent ; use of pitch, tempo, tone, and inflection sometimes communicate the character's emotions and subtext.	Vocal projection and articulated dialogue are limited or absent ; use of pitch, tempo, tone, and inflection rarely communicate the character's emotions and subtext.	
Comment:					
Movement/Staging Gestures, facial expressions, movements, and actions that communicate the character's emotions and subtext.	Gestures and facial expressions consistently communicate appropriate character emotions and subtext; blocking is varied, purposeful, and reflects the character's emotions and subtext.	Gestures and facial expressions communicate appropriate character emotions and subtext; blocking is purposeful and reflects the character's emotions and subtext.	Gestures and facial expressions sometimes communicate the character's emotions and subtext; blocking generally reflects the character's emotions and subtext.	Gestures and facial expressions are limited or absent and rarely communicate the character's emotions and subtext; blocking usually does not reflect the character's emotions and subtext.	
Comment:					

Execution Concentration and commitment to moment- to- moment choices; integration of voice, body, and emotions create a believable character/ relationship that tells a story.	Concentration and commitment to moment- to- moment choices are sustained throughout the performance ; integration of voice, body, and emotions create a believable character/ relationship that tells a story.	Concentration and commitment to moment- to- moment choices are sustained throughout most of the performance ; integration of voice, body, and emotions create a frequently believable character/relationship that tells a story.	Concentration, and commitment to moment- to- moment choices are inconsistently sustained ; integration of voice, body, emotion choices create a sometimes believable character/relationship that tells a story.	Concentration and commitment to moment- to- moment choices are limited or absent ; voice, body, emotion choices rarely create a believable character/relationship that tells a story.	
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Comment:

RATING (Please circle)	4 Superior (Score of 20-18)	3 Excellent (Score of 17-13)	2 Good (Score of 12-8)	1 Fair (Score of 7-5)	TOTAL SCORE
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_____ Judge's name (Please print)

_____ Judge's signature

ATTENTION TABULATION ROOM: Please note the following:

Timing issue: (_____ mm _____ ss)

Rule violation: _____ ; _____ ; _____

Other comments:

This rubric should not be considered an assessment of student learning. However, it can serve as a model for designing curriculum- based performance assessments and for this reason, alignment to the National Core Standards has been indicated on this form.

Example National Core Theatre Standards aligned to this rubric: TH:Cr3.1.I.a, TH:Cr3.1.I.b, TH:Pr4.1.I.a, H:Pr6.1.I.a

To access the full descriptions of the above and all the Core Theatre Standards go to: www.nationalartsstandards.org

For additional Standards resources visit: www.schooltheatre.org/advocacy/standardsresources

Optional aligned state standards: _____

State Standards website: _____